PUBLIC SCIENCE OF THE PUBLIC SCIENCE OF THE

BURARI PUBLIC SCHOOL

a venture with UNIQUE

PERIODIC TEST- III (2024-25)CLASS: VIII

SUBJECT- SOCIAL SCIENCE

Date_/_/

Time: 1 Hr.	M.M. 20
Name: Roll No T. sign	•••••
Instructions:	
All questions are compulsory.	
• Internal choices have been provided.	
A) CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION. (4 MARKS)	
1) Industrial revolution, first began in	
A) England	
B) France	
C) Russia D) Sweden	
2)Is the biggest producer of steel in the world	
A) Brazil	
B) China	
C) Japan	
D) USA	
3) What are the difficulties that have been faced by adivasi?	
A) Displacement from their traditional homeland	
B) Illiteracy and malnutrition	
C) Poverty	
D) All of these	
4) Who was declared as the emperor of India by the Sepoys	
A) Bahadur Shah Zafar	
B) Khan Bahadur Khan	
C) Kunwar Singh	
D) Tantia Tope	
B) Answer the following questions (do any four) (4MARKS)	
1) What were the causes of for the failure of revolt of 1857?	
2) Why did Indian sepoys refuse to go to Burma by sea route?	
3) Define marginalization.	
4) What is cottage industry?	
5) Why was Sakchi chosen for setting up the steel Plant?	

Assertion: The industrial revolution started in England in the late 18th century. Reason: Private sector industries are owned and operated by the government.

C) Assertion and reason (2 MARKS)

- A) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
- B) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
- C) A is true, but R is false
- D) A is false, but R is true
- D) Answer the following questions. (do any two) (6 MARKS)
- 1) Which communities are called minorities and why?
- 2) What was the result of the revolt of 1857?
- 3) Briefly explain the classification of industries on the basis of raw materials .
- D) Fill in the blanks (2 MARKS)

1) The finished product after the processing is called	
2) After the revolt of 1857, by the act of British Parliament, all power were transfer	red to
the .	

E) Case based questions.(2MARKS)

Read the given paragraph and answer the following questions.

With their deep-rooted connection to the land and nature, Adivasi communities are a testament to the diversity and resilience of India's culture. Yet, they struggle with issues such as land dispossession, limited access to education and healthcare, and social discrimination. Empathising with their struggles and actively working to protect their rights is not only morally important but also a necessary step towards creating a society where everyone can flourish, regardless of their background.

- 1. What are some of the challenges that Adivasi communities face?
- 2. Why is it important for everyone to understand and empathise with their struggles?